DESULFURATION OF DERIVATIVES OF PYRIMIDO-, PYRAZINO-, AND PYRIDO[1,4]THIAZINES

T. S. Safonova, M. P. Nemeryuk, A. F. Keremov, N. I. Traven', and L. A. Myshkina

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Tetrahydrocarbazole has been obtained by the desulfuration of tetrahydrophenothiazine derivatives by means of Raney nickel [1]. In an investigation of the properties of condensed bicyclic 1,4-thiazine systems [2] we found that N-(5-pyrimidyl)-, N-(3-pyrazinyl)-, and N-(3-pyridyl)acetamidines (IV-VII) are formed by the desulfuration of 6-aminopyrimido[4,5-b]-, pyrazine[2,3-b]-, and pyrido[2,3-b][1,4]thiazines (I-III). 4-Methoxy-5-acylaminopyrimidines (XI and XII) and 4-hydroxy-5-acylaminopyrimidines (XIII) are similarly obtained from 4-methoxypyrimido[4,5-b][1,4]thiazin-6-ones and 4-methoxy-7-carbethoxymethyl- and 4-hydroxy-7-carbethoxymethylpyrimido[4,5-b][1,4]thiazin-6-ones (VIII-X). The structures of the compounds obtained were confirmed by the IR and PMR spectra.

$$\begin{array}{c} X \\ V \\ I-III \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} X \\ V \\ I-VIII \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} X \\ V \\ VIII-X \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} X \\ IV-VIII \end{array} \qquad$$

$$\begin{split} 1\,Z = X - N, \ Y = C\,H; \ II \ Z = Y = N, \ X = C\,H; \ III \ X = Y = C\,H, \ Z = N; \ VIII - X \ R = O\,C\,H_3, \ O\,H; \\ R' = H, \ C\,H_2\,C\,O_2\,C_2\,H_3; \ XI - XIIII \ R = O\,C\,H_3, \ O\,H; \ R' = C\,H_3, \ C\,H_2\,C\,O_2\,C_2\,H_5 \end{split}$$

EXPERIMENTAL

 $\frac{\text{N-(4-Methoxy-5-pyrimidyl)acetamidine (IV)}}{\text{(benzene). PMR spectrum (D}_2\text{O): 2.08 ppm [N=C (CH}_3\text{)NH}_2\text{], 6.79 ppm (6-CH=), 7.188 ppm (2-CH=).}}{\text{Found \%: C 50.48; H 5.91; N 33.62. C}_7\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_4\text{O}. Calculated \%: C 50.59; H 6.07; N 33.71.}}$

N-(2-Amino-4-methyl-5-pyrimidyl)acetamidine (V). This was obtained in 82% yield and had mp 165-167° [benzene-ethanol (20:1)]. PMR spectrum (D₂O): 2.12 ppm [N=C(CH₃)-H₂], 7.86 ppm (6-CH=). Found %: C 50.97; H 6.57; N 42.05. $C_7H_{11}N_5$. Calculated %: C 50.89; H 6.70; N 42.40.

N-(2,3-Dimethyl-5-pyrazinyl)acetamidine (VI). This was obtained in 78% yield and had mp 128-130° (hexane). PMR spectrum (CHCl₃): 2.11 ppm [N=C(CH₃)NH₂], 2.37 ppm (2-CH₃), 8.13 ppm (6-CH=). Found %: C 58.24; H 7.12; N 34.24. $C_8H_{19}N_4$. Calculated %: C 58.51; H 7.36; N 34.13.

N-(2-Methoxy-3-pyridyl)acetamidine (VII). This compound had mp 134-136° (benzene). Found %: C 58.40; H 6.96; N 25.30. $C_8H_{11}N_3O$. Calculated %: C 58.16; H 6.71; N 25.40.

4-Methoxy-5-acetamidopyrimidine (XI). This was obtained in 83% yield and had mp 162-164° (benzene). IR spectrum (cm $^{-1}$): 1700 (CO $^{-}$ NH), 3220 (NH). Found %: C 50.58; H 5.65; N 24.98. $C_7H_9N_3O_2$. Calculated %: C 50.29; H 5.43; N 25.14.

4-Methoxy-5-(β -carbethoxypropionylamino)pyrimidine (XII). This was obtained in 48% yield and had mp 85-87° (ether). IR spectrum (cm⁻¹): 1695 (CO-NH), 1733 (COOC₂H₅), 3330 (NH). Found %: C 52.55; H 6.12; N 16.67. $C_{11}H_{15}N_3O_4$. Calculated %: C 52.17; H 5.97; N 16.69.

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4-Hydroxy-5-(carbethoxyacetamido)pyrimidine (XIII). This was obtained in 72% yield and had mp 186-187° (ethanol). Found %: C 48.00; H 5.18; N 18.65. $C_9H_{11}N_3O_4$. Calculated %: C 48.00; H 4.92; N 18.66.

LITERATURE CITED

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